# revvity



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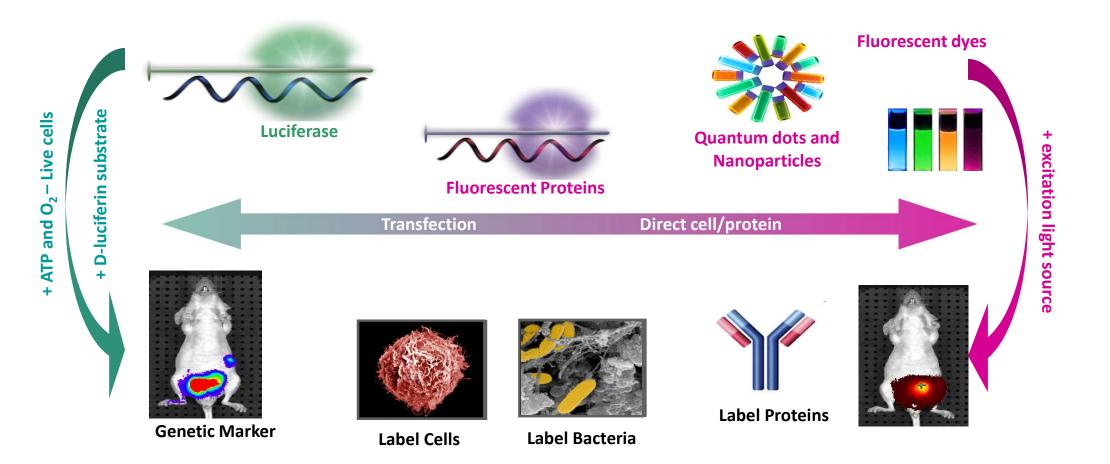


# PerkinElmer In Vivo Small Animal Imaging Instrument Portfolio

microCT, Ultrasound Optical – Bioluminescence/Fluorescence Functional/Molecular **Anatomical 3D Tomographic** 2D – Low Throughput 2D - High Throughput Vega® IVIS<sup>®</sup> Lumina™ IVIS<sup>®</sup> Spectrum™ **Platform Platform Quantum GX2** IVIS<sup>®</sup> Lumina S5™ and X5™



## The Power of Optical Imaging

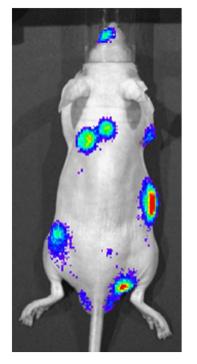




## Why Optical Imaging?

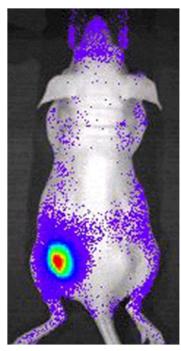
- In vivo tracking and monitoring of tumor cells, stem cells, bacteria
- Study of gene function
  - Light producing transgenic animals
- Ideal for small animal imaging
  - Small tissue depths
  - Relatively simple instrumentation
  - no hazardous radiation
  - easy to learn
- Quantitative light output is proportional to number of labeled cells

## **BIOLUMINESCENCE**



B16F10-luc melanoma metastases

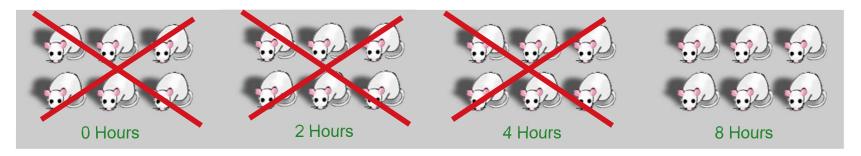
**FLUORESCENCE** 



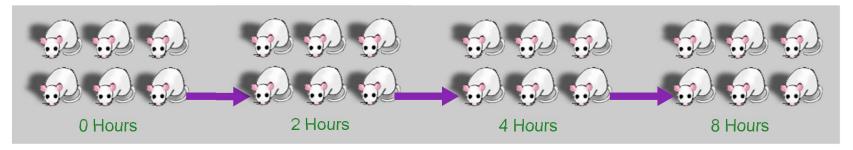
PC3M cells labeled with PKH-26 dye

## **Histology vs. In Vivo Optical Imaging**

## **CURRENT METHODOLOGY = 24 ANIMALS OVER FOUR TREATMENT POINTS**



### IN VIVO IMAGING METHODOLOGY = THE SAME 6 ANIMALS OVER FOUR TREATMENT POINTS

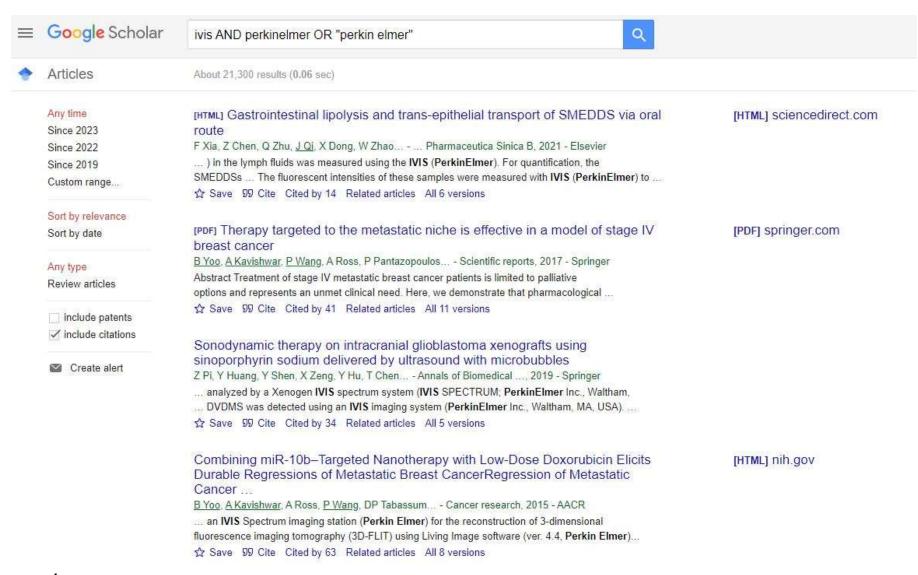


Same group of anesthetized test animals at each time point of an experiment uses far fewer animals than current methodology. By using the same set of animals at each time point yields improved statistical relevance.

Additionally: earlier and more precise detection



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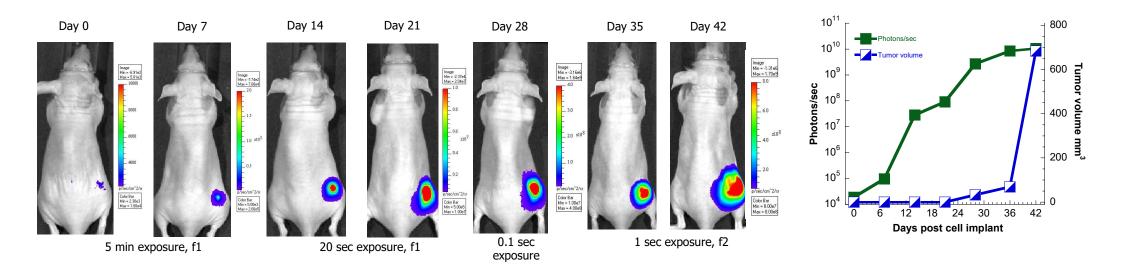




# Luminescence -Cell Tracking

## **Quantifying Tumor Growth with Bioluminescent Cell Lines**

## LONGITUDINAL STUDIES REQUIRE CALIBRATION IN PHYSICAL UNITS



• Five 4T1-luc2-1A4 cells injected on day 0 in a nu/nu mouse



## **Brightness of Revvity Cell Lines**

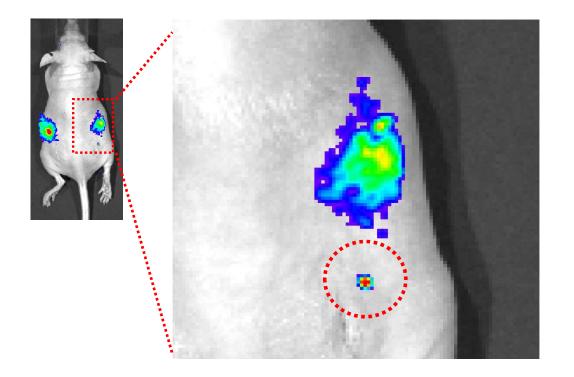
HT1080-Red-Fluc	Human Fibrosarcoma Cancer Cell line.	> 30,000 p/s/c	BW 128092
4T1-Red-Fluc	Murine Breast Cancer Cell line	> 15,000 p/s/c	BW 124087
MDA-MB-231-Red-Fluc	Human Breast Cancer Cell line, ideal for experimental metastasis model > 4,000 p/s/c		BW 124319
GL261-Red-Fluc	Murine Glioma Cell line	> 15,000 p/s/c	BW 134246
HepG2-Red-Fluc	Human Hepatic Cancer cell line	> 35,000 p/s/c	BW 134280
PC-3M-Red-Fluc	Human Prostate Cancer Cell line, orthotopic, intracardiac tumor models > 30,000 p/s/c		BW 124089
PC-3-Red-Fluc	Human Prostate Cancer Cell line	> 30,000 p/s/c	BW 128444
LnCaP-Red-Fluc	Human Prostate Cancer Cell line	> 3,000 p/s/c	BW 125055
B16-F10-Red-Fluc	Murine Melanoma Cancer Cell line	> 6,000 p/s/c	BW 124734
HCT-116-Red-Fluc	Human Colorectal Cancer Cell line	> 4,000 p/s/c	BW 124318
HT-29-Red-Fluc	Human Colorectal Cancer Cell line	> 30,000 p/s/c	BW 124353
Colo205-Red-Fluc	Human Colorectal Cancer Cell line	> 6,000 p/s/c	BW 124317
U-87 MG-Red-Fluc	Human Brain Cancer Cell line, ideal for glioblastoma models	> 8,000 p/s/c	BW 124577
NCI-H460-Red-Fluc	Human Lung Cancer Cell line, ideal for orthotopic lung tumor models	> 4,000 p/s/c	BW 124316
K-562-Red-Fluc	Human Leukemia Cell line	> 4,000 p/s/c	BW 124735
BxPC3-Red-Fluc	Human Pancreatic Cancer Cell	> 15,000 p/s/c	BW 125058
MCF-7-lRed-Fluc	Human Breast Cancer	> 10,000 p/s/c	BW 119262
A549-Red-Fluc	Human Lung Cancer	> 25,000 p/s/c	BW 119266
LL/2-Red-Fluc	Murine Lung Cancer	> 5,000 p/s/c	BW 119267
SKOV3-Red-Fluc	Human Ovarian Cancer	> 10,000 p/s/c	BW 119276
4T1-Red-Fluc-GFP	Murine Breast cancer cell line dual labeled with Luciferase and GFP	> 15,000 p/s/c	BW 128090
MDA-MB-231-Red-Fluc-GFP	Human Breast cancer cell line dual labeled with Luciferase and GFP	> 10,000 p/s/c	BW 128442
PC-3-Red-Fluc-GFP	Human Prostate cancer cell line dual labeled with Luciferase and GFP	> 8,000 p/s/c	BW 133416



## Non-invasive imaging of a single 4T1-luc2 cell in nu/nu mouse

4T1: ADENOCARCINOMA CELLS – 6500 PHOTONS/S/CELL

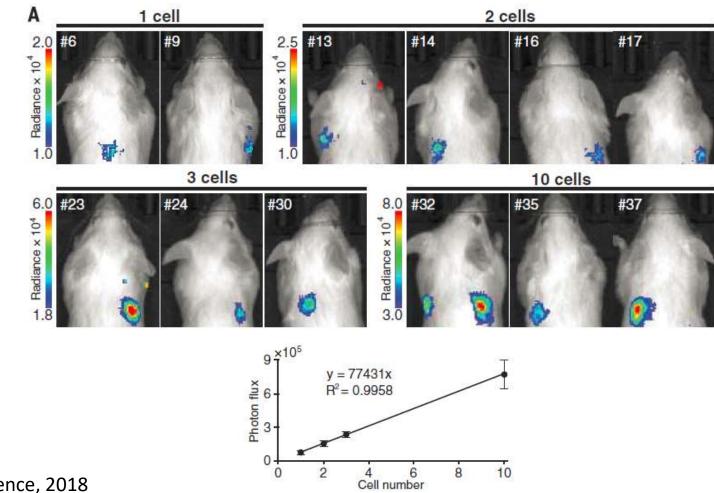
Transduced using lentivirus containing luciferase 2 gene under the control of human ubiquitin C promoter





## Deep Tissue Imaging with AkaLumine and AkaLuc

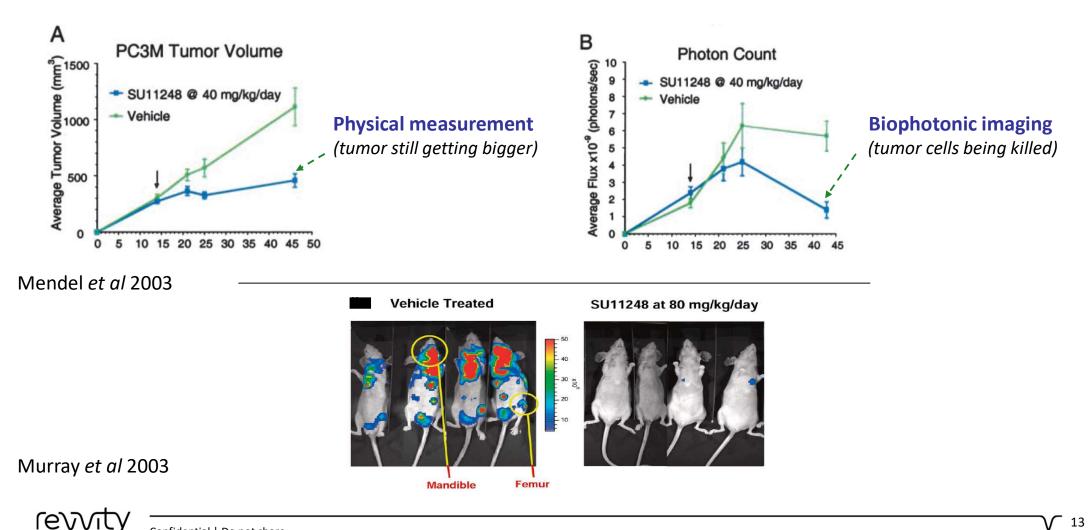
Detection of bioluminescence from a small number of Akalucexpressing HeLa cells trapped in the mouse **lung**.



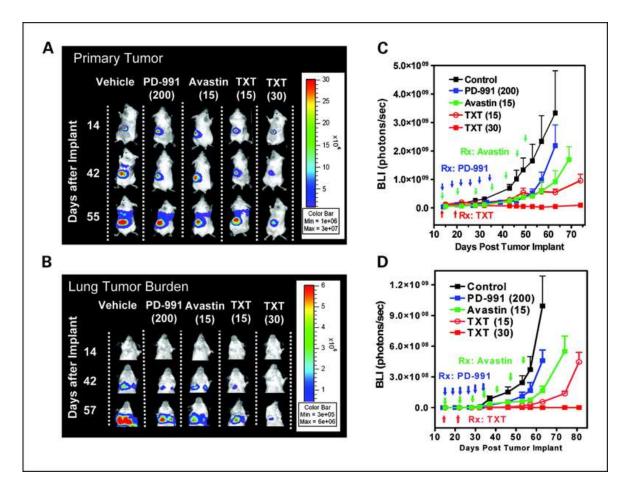


Iwano et al., Science, 2018

## **Sutent – Fast Tracked FDA Approval**



## Therapeutic Development in a SRC Implantation Model



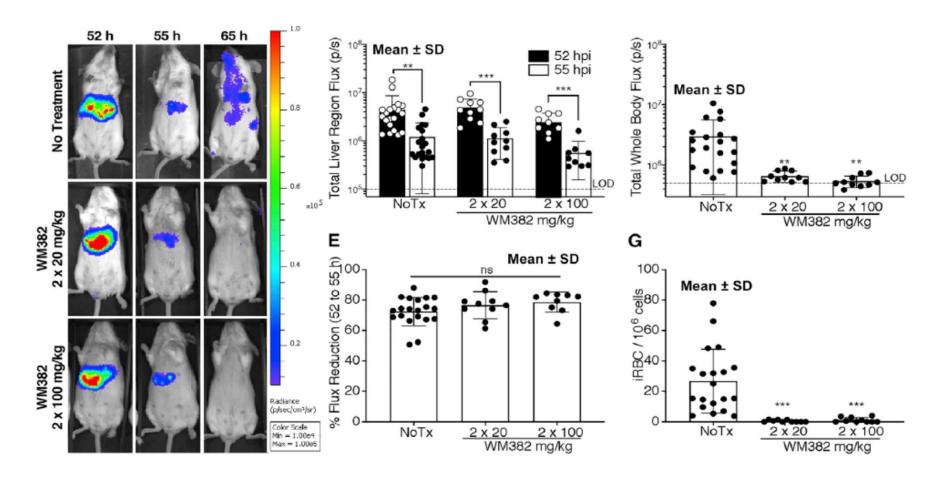
## **BENEFITS**

- Expedites progress towards clinical trials
- Measurable economic benefits include reduced animal costs and personnel
- Simultaneous insights into drug efficacy, kinetics, target, mechanism
- Superior statistics and data reproducibility



## Luminescence -Infectious Diseases

## In Vivo Imaging Shows Inhibition of P. falciparum Blood Stage



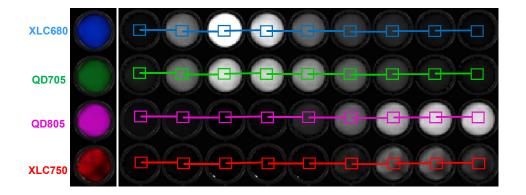


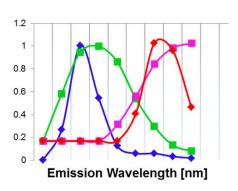
Favuzza et al., Cell Host & Microbe, 2020

# Fluorescence -Spectral Unmixing

## **Spectral Imaging is Essential for Spectral Unmixing**

- IMAGES ACQUIRED AT MULTIPLE WAVELENGTHS FOR A SPECTRAL SCAN (EVERY 20 nm)
- BUILDING A SPECTRAL LIBRARY

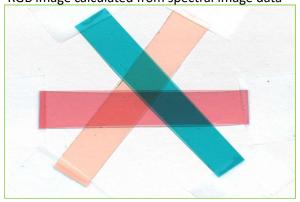


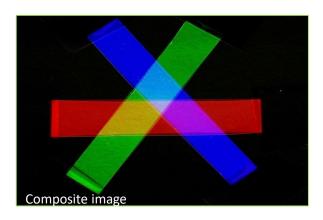




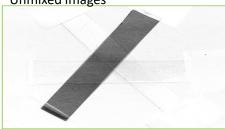
## **How is Spectral Unmixing accomplished?**

RGB image calculated from spectral image data





**Unmixed** images

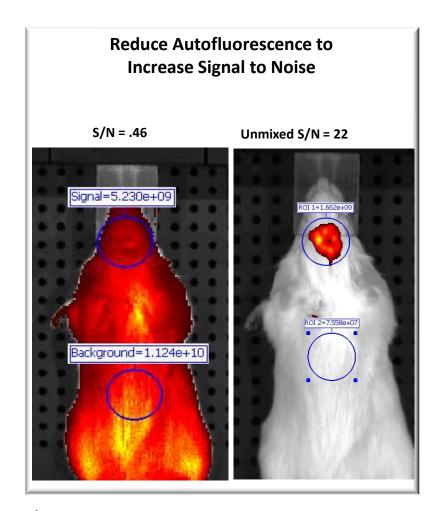


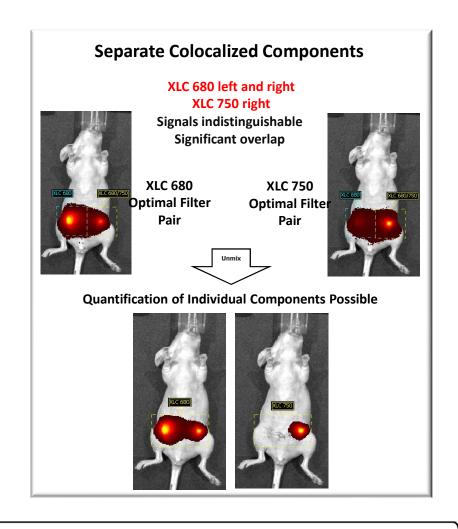






## When is Spectral Unmixing Most Useful?

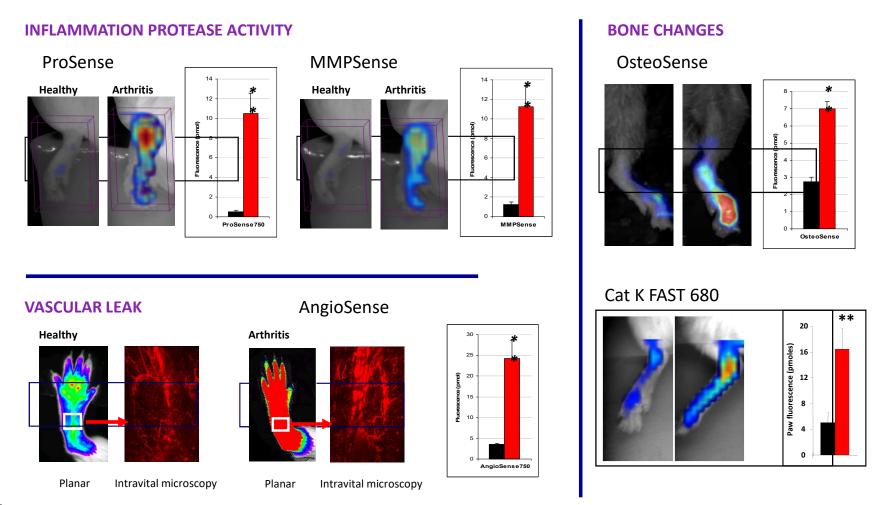






# Fluorescent Probes

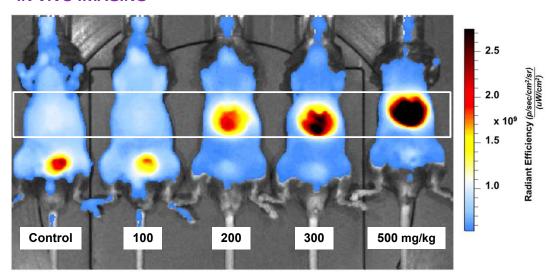
## **Different Revvity Agents for Imaging Arthritis Biology**





## **Toxicology Imaging: Drug Induced Liver Injury**

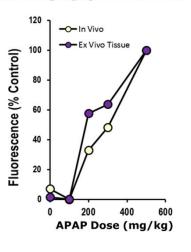
## IN VIVO IMAGING



## Dose-responsive effects of Acetaminophen/Paracetamol on Annexin-Vivo 750 accumulation in the liver

- Normal Annexin-Vivo 750 kidney/bladder clearance altered with increased phosphatidyl serine exposure in the liver
- Ex vivo tissue FL intensity correlates well with in vivo imaging, supporting a robust non-invasive approach to imaging liver tox

## C. Imaging Quantification



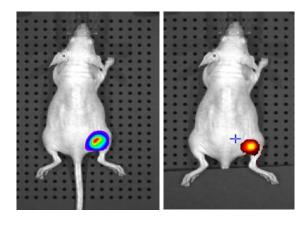


Vasquez & Peterson, J Pharmacol Exp Ther., 2017

Bioluminescence & Fluorescence - Tomography (3D)

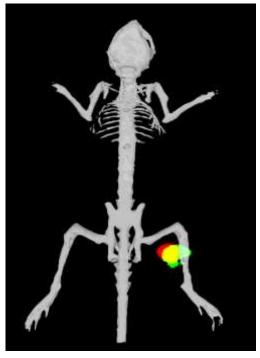
## **Imaging MMP Activity in Mammary Tumors**

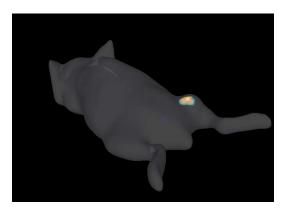
## FLANK IMPLANTATION OF MD231 TUMOR TARGETED WITH MMPSENSE680



Bioluminescence

Fluorescence





Reconstruction with animal surface rendering

Tomographic Bioluminescence & Fluorescence coregistered with the mouse atlas



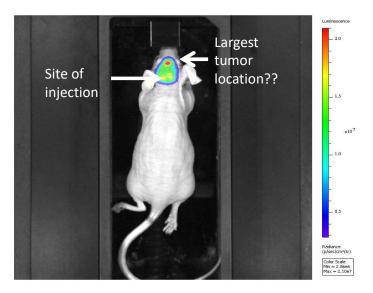
## **Mouse Imaging Shuttle for Co-Registration**





## **Brain Tumor Model – Absolute Quantification**

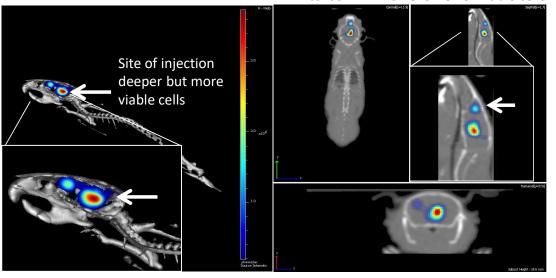
2 D



- 2D acquisition excels at quick high throug-put quantitation over time accurately determining growth, viability and efficacy
- However focal points of signal are dependent on depth of source

3 D

Metastatic lesion shallower thus more intense in 2D however fewer viable cells

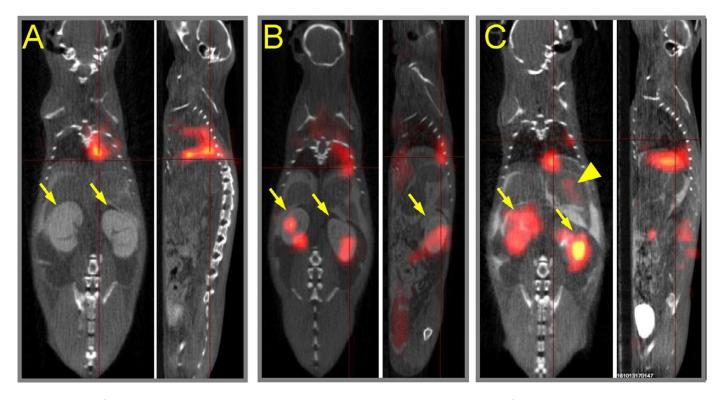


- > 3D analysis factors in attenuation, scattering, and diffusion
- Pixels clustered based on resultant emission curve thus elucidating differences in depth and intensity more accurately
- 3D imaging can shed lght on both pinpoint localization and depth of source
- Resultant data more representative of actual tumor locations in brain
- Individual tumor locations can be monitored with ease



# Biodistribution

# Biodistribution of siRNA after Intratracheal Application in Mice



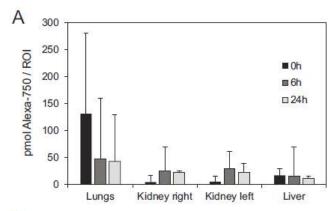
CT/FLIT IMAGING OF AF750-siRNA BIODISTRIBUTION BALB/C MICE

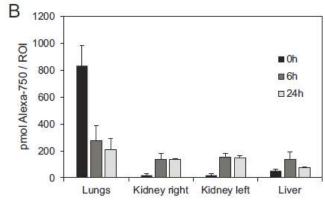


Biodistribution of siRNA after Intratracheal Application in Mice



CT/FLIT IMAGING OF AF750-siRNA BIODISTRIBUTION BALB/C MICE





Molecular quantification of AF750 labeled siRNA by FLIT

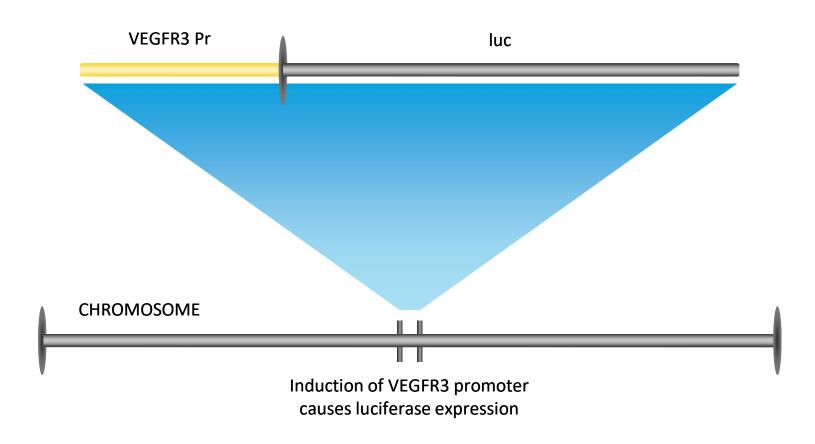
A: 2.5μg

B: 10μg



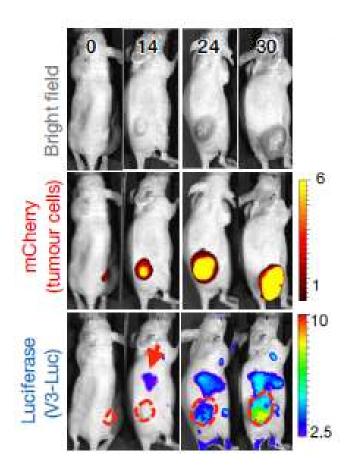
# Transgenic Animals – Molecular Mechanisms

# **Transgenic Animals: Vascular Endothelial Cell Growth Factor Receptor 3**





## Vegfr3<sup>Luc</sup> Reporter Mice for Imaging of Neo-Lymphangiogenesis



Xenografts of mCherry–SK-Mel-147 cells, imaged in Vegfr3<sup>Luc</sup> reporter mice for wholebody analysis.

Metastatic relapses were found at later time points (involving skin, lymph node and lung metastases) and were invariably preceded by V3-Luc emission.

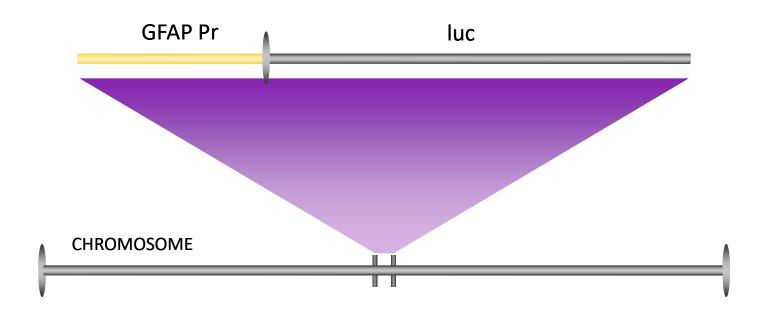
Proteomic analyses identify midkine (MDK) as new prolymphangiogenic and pro-metastatic factor.

The heparin-binding factor midkine is a systemic inducer of neo-lymphangiogenesis that defines patient prognosis.



Olmeda et al., Nature, 2017

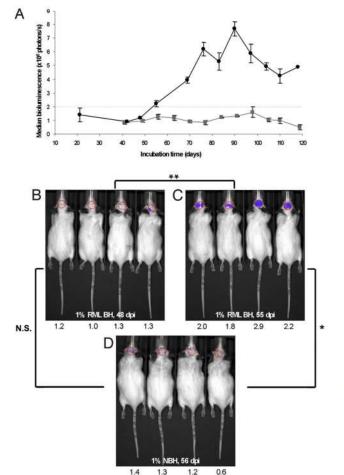
# **Transgenic Animals: Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein - Luc**



Intermediate Filament Protein Expressed in Astrocytes of the CNS Induced by Neuronal Brain Injury



## **GFAP** as a marker for prion disease



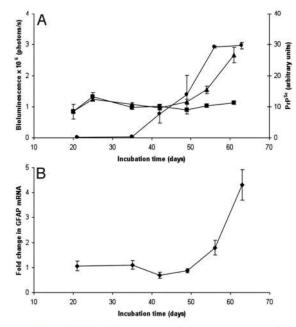


Fig. 2. During prion infection, increases in PrPSc preceded increases in BL (A) and GFAP mRNA (B). (A) Protease-resistant PrPSc (circles, right ordinate) in the brains of RML-infected Tg(Gfap-luc) mice began to accumulate at 42 dpi and increased steadily. PrPSc levels were quantified at each time point by densitometry of Western blottings. BL (triangles, left ordinate) in the brains of infected Tg(Gfap-luc) mice increased beginning at 56 dpi, ≈14 d after PrPSc accumulation. BL measured from the brains of control mice inoculated with 1% NBH did not increase (squares). (B) Correlating with an increase of BL, GFAP mRNA also increased at ≈56 dpi. Error bars indicate the SE, based on at least 9 mice for BL measurements and 3 mice for all other measurements.

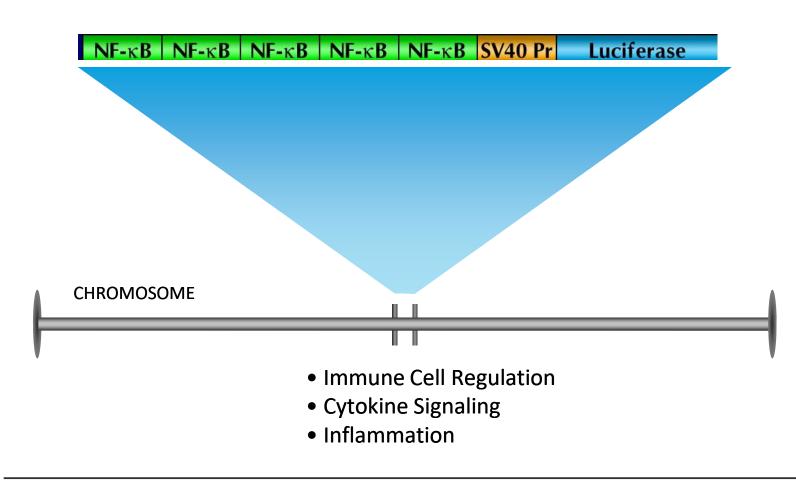
- Tg(Gfap-luc) mice
- Detection of light 55 days post inoculation
- 62 days before appearance of neurological deficits

"BLI bioassays were as or more sensitive than those determined by the onset of neurological dysfunction, and were completed in approximately half the time."

Tamgüney et al., PNAS, 2009

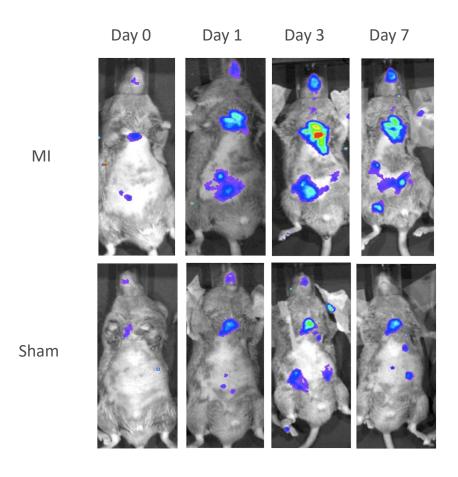


## Transgenic Animals: NF-κB-RE-luc





## NF-κB is Increased After Myocardial Infarction





Tillmans et al, Biophys. Biochem. Res. Comm., 2006

## Effects of Coffee on NF-κB Activity

Transgenic NF-kB reporter mice were given a single dose of coffee extract by oral gavage 3h prior to s.c. LPS injection (at 0h). A) The luciferase activity was measured by *in vivo* imaging at 0h, 3h and 6h

